

10 IMMUNE-BOOSTING FOODS

to Survive Cold and Flu Season

Along with good sleep, regular exercise, and drinking plenty of water, the foods we choose to eat can either support or suppress our immune defenses. Our immune cells—including natural killer cells, macrophages, and other white blood cells—need <u>protein</u>, <u>vitamins</u>, <u>and minerals</u> to carry out their jobs. By feeding our bodies immune-boosting foods, we can strengthen our resistance to the pesky germs that cause sniffles, sneezing, coughs, and aching bodies.

Make a habit of eating these 10 immune-boosting foods to get you through any cold and flu season!



ALMONDS

Nuts are an excellent source of healthy fats and zinc. The evidence that zinc helps the body fight off viral infections is so strong that many doctors recommend their patients start taking zinc at the first sign of a cold. While most nuts provide similar nutritional benefits, almonds have specifically been shown to help ward off germs. The almond skins might give the biggest immune boost, helping white blood cells fight off viral infections. Blanched almonds have had the skin removed, so be sure you are eating whole almonds.

BLUEBERRIES

After studying hundreds of food compounds, researchers found only two that stood out from the crowd for their powerful ability to support the immune response. One of those compounds was pterostilbene from blueberries. Although that study was conducted in a lab, a study in athletes found that eating blueberries every day for six weeks boosted natural killer cell counts (white blood cells that fight off infections) and decreased signs of inflammation. The participants in that study ate 250 grams of blueberries per day, which equates to about 2 ½ cups. You might think of berries as more of a summertime food, but you can eat frozen berries any time of year.





MUSHROOMS

Mushrooms contain arabinogalactans, which are a type of soluble fiber that boost natural killer cells and immune function. Mushrooms are also one of the few vegetarian sources of vitamin D, a critical nutrient for immune defense. You can increase the amount of vitamin D in any mushroom by a process called sunning—placing mushrooms in direct sunlight for a couple of days and then allowing them to dry. Although sunning is ideally accomplished during the summer months, you can store dried mushrooms to use in cooking throughout the winter.

BELL PEPPERS

Bell peppers contain high amounts of vitamin C, with one cup of chopped red bell pepper providing 3 times as much vitamin C as an orange. Vitamin C is an antioxidant that is concentrated in immune cells and becomes depleted by infections and stress. Even though studies have not proven vitamin C to prevent the cold or flu, it does appear that vitamin C reduces the severity and duration of infections when they do occur.





SQUASH

Pumpkins and other squash are rich in beta-carotene, which is converted in the body into vitamin A. Beta-carotene and vitamin A are essential for healthy immune function, with studies showing people who are <u>deficient in vitamin A</u> are more likely to die from respiratory infections. Pumpkins and other squash are easy to come by during the fall harvest and store well through the winter. They can be cooked and pureed to make soups, smoothies, sauces, and more.

YOGURT

Yogurt and other fermented foods (like kefir, kombucha, and sauerkraut) are excellent sources of beneficial bacteria. Also known as probiotics, these bacteria naturally inhabit the human gut, where they modulate inflammation and the immune response. There are some studies that show yogurt supports healthy immunity and many studies on the immune benefits of probiotics. Be sure to choose organic and plain yogurt to avoid unnecessary sugar, hormones, or pesticides.





BONE BROTH

Chicken soup is a classic home-remedy for the flu. Many of its benefits might come from the homemade bone broth. Bones contain amino acids, collagen, gelatin, and many minerals, which seep into the broth when simmered. While no studies have specifically studied the ability of bone broth to prevent colds or the flu, there is evidence that many of its components—including amino acids and zinc—support immune function. Bones can be simmered along with turmeric, garlic, mushrooms, and other vegetables to pack an even stronger immune boost.

BROCCOLI

One cup of broccoli provides about twice as much vitamin C as an orange. Broccoli also contains a compound called sulforaphane, which is an antioxidant that turns on genes that activate immune cells. Because of its sulforaphane content, <u>researchers at UCLA</u> have said that broccoli might strengthen the immune system better fight off infections as people age.



CURRY

Curry is a broad term that refers to the flavorings and sauces that are commonly used in traditional Indian dishes. Curry contains a combination of spices, but most notably, turmeric. Turmeric and its most active compound, curcumin, have been extensively studied for their immune effects. While most research shows turmeric to have anti-inflammatory and antioxidant effects, some studies also show that it can also have antibacterial, antiviral, and antifungal activity. Warming dishes, seasoned with curry, are perfect for the winter months and cooler weather.

GARLIC

Studies show that people who eat garlic on a regular basis have <u>fewer colds and recover more quickly</u> if they do get sick. Garlic contains a compound called alliin. When a garlic clove is crushed or chewed, the alliin turns into allicin, which is the active and immune-boosting component. What does that mean for you? Just don't swallow the garlic clove whole.









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